

Hexadecimal Numbers

$$1 \times 16 = 16$$

$$2 \times 16 = 32$$

$$3 \times 16$$

$$4 \times 16 = 64$$

$$5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ (} 5 \times 16 = 10 \times 8 \text{)}$$

$$6 \times 16$$

$$7 \times 16$$

$$8 \times 16 = 128 \text{ (} 64 \text{ doubled)}$$

$$9 \times 16$$

$$10 \times 16 = 160$$

$$11 \times 16$$

$$12 \times 16$$

$$13 \times 16$$

$$14 \times 16$$

$$15 \times 16 = 240$$

$$16 \times 16 = 256$$

Hexadecimal Numbers

Letters are used to represent the numbers 10 to 15.

10 = A

11 = B

12 = C

13 = D

14 = E

15 = F